

Presentation to Nomura Investment Forum 2008

December 1, 2008

Nomura Research Institute, Ltd.

Akihisa Fujinuma Chairman and President, CEO & COO

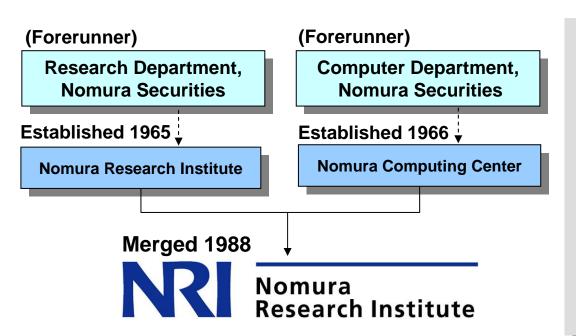


Contents

- 1. NRI's Business and the Positioning
- 2. Trends in Consolidated Performance
- 3. NRI's Strengths
- 4. Toward Growth Over the Medium to Long Term
- **5. Progress reports of Current Priority Measures**
- 6. References

Corporate Information

(As of September 30, 2008)



Corporate Data

Nomura Research Institute, Ltd.

Headquarters: Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo

Capital: 18.6 billion yen

President: Akihisa Fujinuma

Number of employees: 6,099 (consolidated)

(FY3/2008 Financial Results)

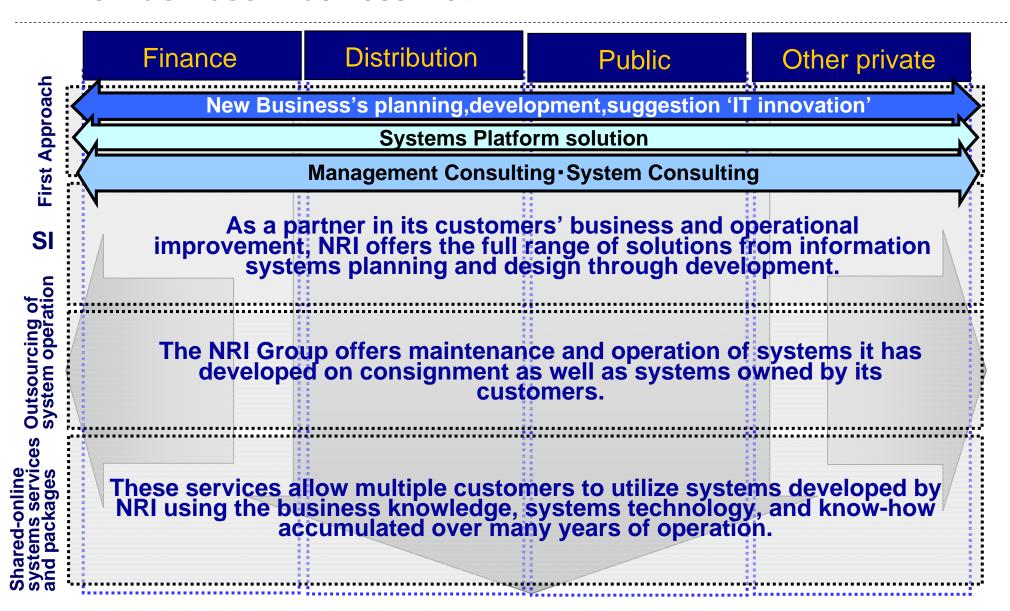
Consolidated sales: JPY342.2 billion

Consolidated operating profit: JPY52.6 billion

(Corporate History)

1965 (April)	Nomura Research Institute, Ltd. established.
1966 (January)	Nomura Computing Center Co., Ltd. established
	(Name changed to Nomura Computer Systems Co., Ltd. in December 1972)
1988 (January)	Nomura Research Institute, Ltd. and Nomura Computer Systems Co., Ltd., merged under the name Nomura Research Institute, Ltd.
2001 (December)	Listed on the 1st Section of the Tokyo Stock Exchange (Securities Code: 4307)

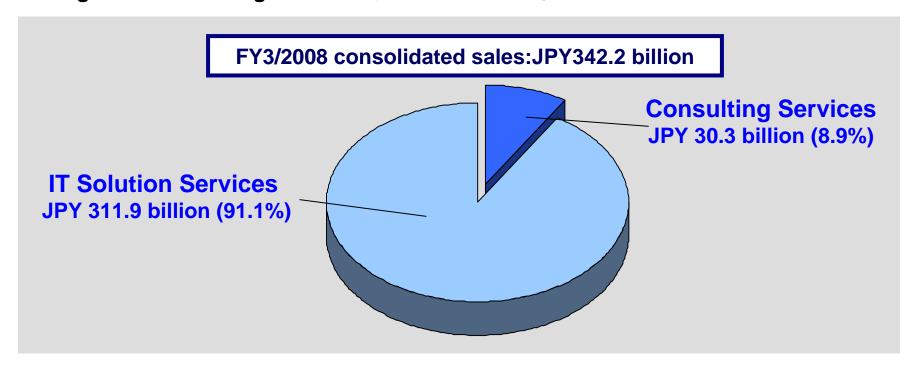
NRI's Business: Business Matrix



Sales by Segment

Consulting Services

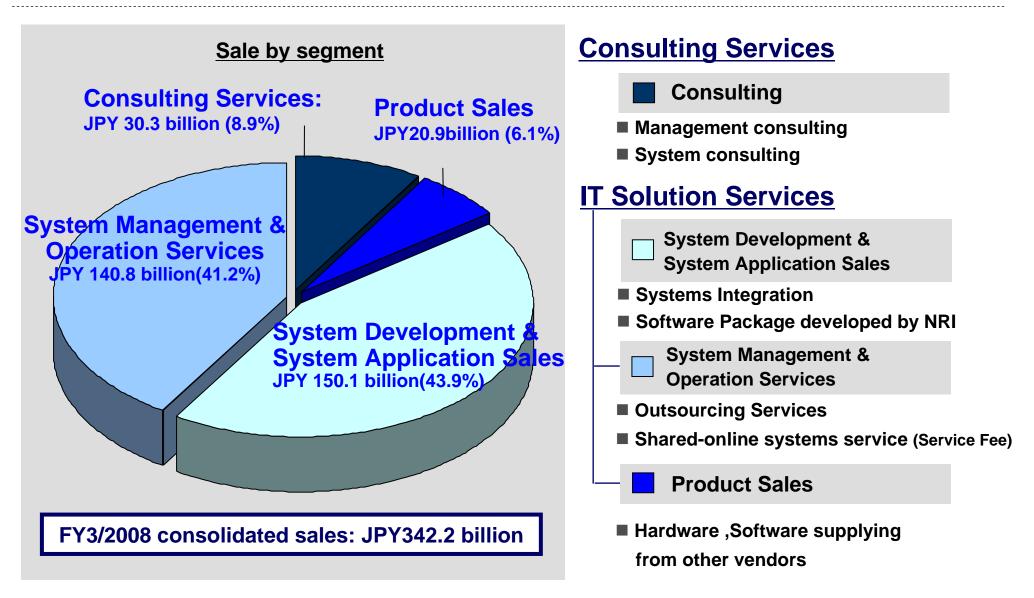
- Management consulting
- System consulting



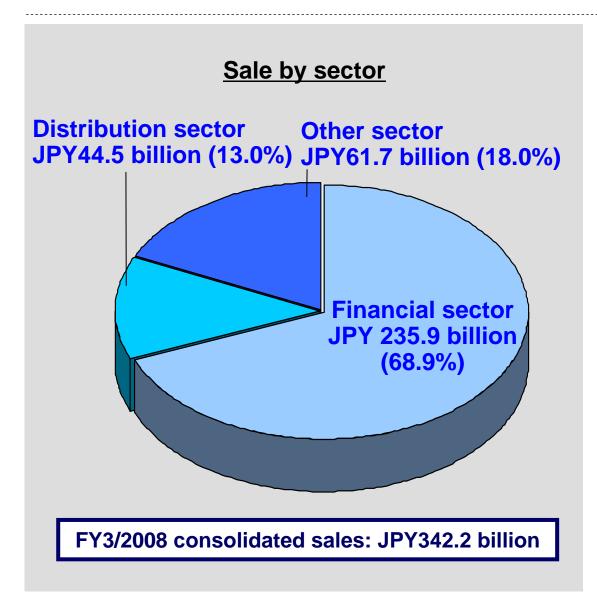
■ IT Solution Services

- Systems integration (SI) services: Planning, design and development of information systems
- Outsourcing services : Systems maintenance, operation, and management
- Shared-online systems services: Services that allows multiple customers to jointly use the same systems

Sales by Segment



Sales by Sector



> Financial sector

Securities, insurances, banks, trust banks, asset managements, investment advisors, consumer finance ...etc.

Distribution sector

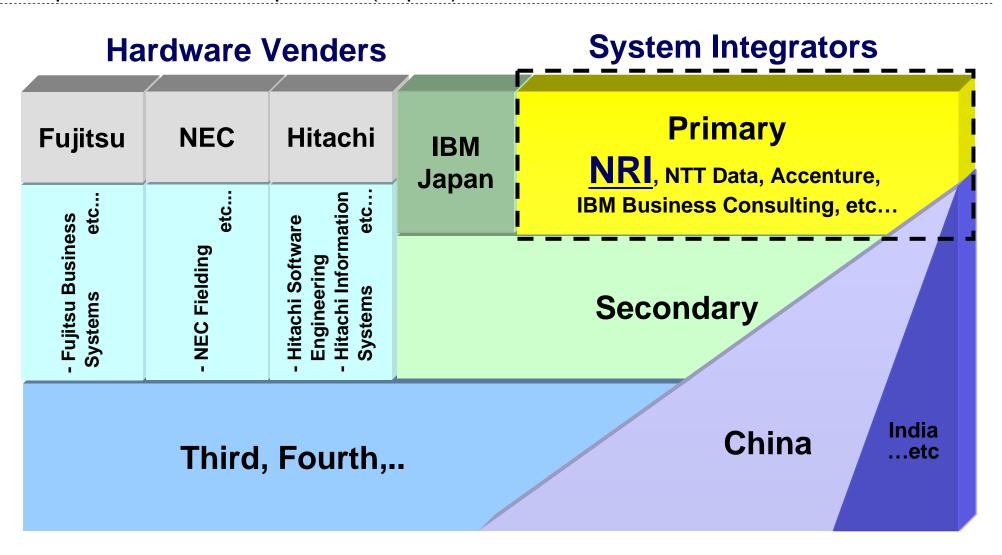
Supermarkets, convenience stores, home centers, specialty volume retailers, wholesalers ...etc.

Other sector

Manufacturing and service industries Central government, local governments, Japan Post Group ...etc.

Information Services Industry Environment:

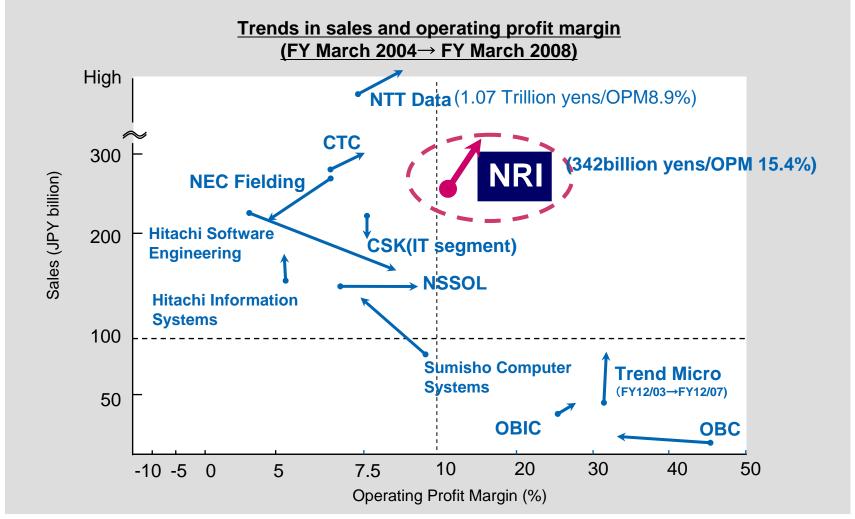
Comparisons with Competitors (Japan)



Information Services Industry Environment:

Comparisons with Competitors (Japan)

■Comparisons of operating profit margin, scope of sales, and their growth trend



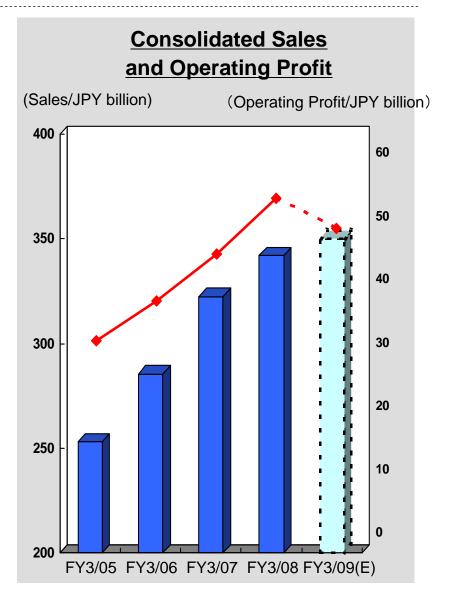
Source: Prepared from the annual securities reports of each firm.

Contents

- 1. NRI's Business and the Positioning
- 2. Trends in Consolidated Performance
- 3. NRI's Strengths
- 4. Toward Growth Over the Medium to Long Term
- 5. Progress reports of FY Current Priority Measures
- 6. References

Financial Results (FY3/04 - FY3/09E)

(JPY million)	FY3/05	FY3/06	FY3/07	FY3/08	*Note1 FY3/09(E)
Sale	252,963	285,585	322,531	342,289	350,000
Operating Profit	30,159	36,469	43,897	52,664	48,000
Net Income	16,303	22,518	27,019	28,154	28,500
EPS(JPY) *Note2	72	103	132	138	145
DPS(JPY) *Note2	20	28	36	50	52
Total Assets	317,341	311,786	371,458	362,447	-
Shareholders' Equity	231,766	209,301	216,232	207,363	-
(%)					
Operating Profit Margin	11.9	12.8	13.6	15.4	13.7
ROE	7.1	10.2	12.7	13.3	-
ROA	9.6	12.2	13.5	15.1	-
Equity Ratio	73.0	67.1	58.1	57.0	
(Personnel)					
Employee (Year ended)	4,848	5,013	5,303	5,711	-



Note1: Forecasts were announced on October. 24, 2008.

Note2:NRI split common stock into 1:5 on April 1,2007.

Highlights of Consolidated Results 1H FY Mar. 2009

Year on Year

	1H FY Mar. 2008	1H FY Mar. 2009	Difference	YoY change
Sales	165,145	165,285	+139	+0.1%
Operating Profit	27,414	23,718	(3,696)	(13.5%)
Operating Profit Margin	16.6%	14.4%	(2.3P)	
Net Income	18,337	14,232	(4,104)	(22.4%)
Earnings per share	JPY90.05	JPY72.61	(JPY17.44)	(19.4%)
Dividends per share	JPY24	JPY26	+JPY2	

Forecast for FY Mar.2009 (consolidated)

	FY Mar.2008 (Results)	FY Mar. 2009 (Forecasts as of Oct.24)	Yo\ Diff.	(Change	FY Mar. 2009 (Forecasts as of Apr.24)	Comparison to forecasts
Sales	342.2	350.0	+7.7	+2.3%	360.0	(10.0)
Operating Profit	52.6	48.0	(4.6)	(8.9%)	53.0	(5.0)
Operating Profit Margin	15.4%	13.7%	(1.7P)	-	14.7%	(1.0P)
Net Income	28.1	28.5	+0.3	+1.2%	32.5	(4.0)
Earnings per share	JPY138.52	JPY145.40	+JPY6.88	+5.0%	JPY163.27	(JPY17.87)

Contents

- 1. NRI's Business and the Positioning
- 2. Trends in Consolidated Performance
- 3. NRI's Strengths
- 4. Toward Growth Over the Medium to Long Term
- **5. Progress reports of Current Priority Measures**
- 6. References

NRI's Strengths

Navigation & Solutions

- Providing integrated services from the identification of customer problems through their resolution
- Advanced fusion of 'Consulting' and 'Systems'

Customer base - Partnership with trusted customers

- Long term partnerships with Nomura Holdings, Seven & I Holdings and other firms
- Accumulation and use of systems know-how and business knowledge

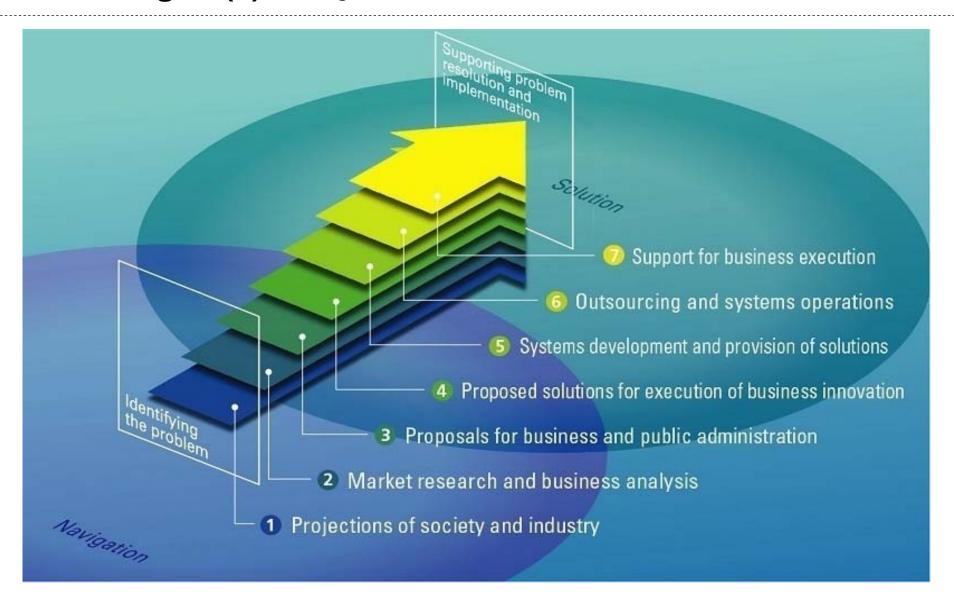
Business model utilizing own software or hardware asset

- Provision of industrial infrastructure through shared-online systems services
- Investment in state-of-the-art computer center

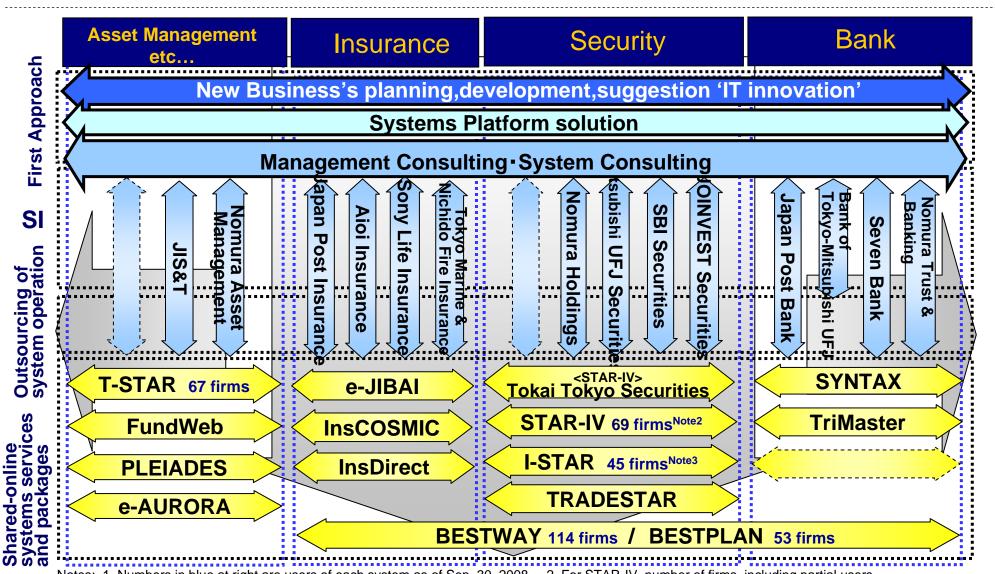
Depth in Human Resources

- Use of various employees + domestic and Chinese partners
- Expansion of offshore development in China

NRI's Strengths(1): Navigation & Solution

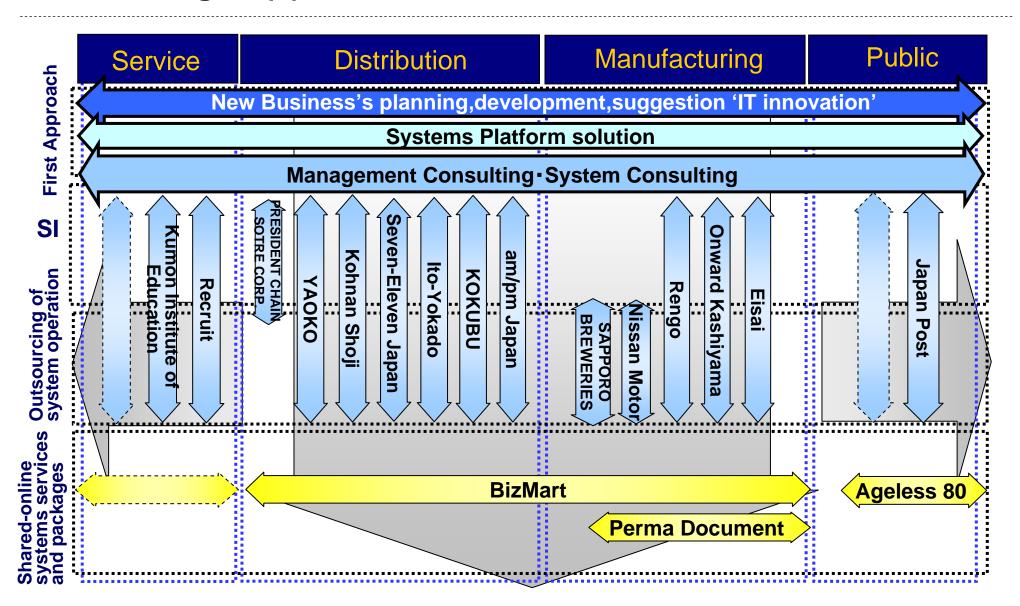


NRI's Strengths(2): Customers Portfolio (Financial sector)



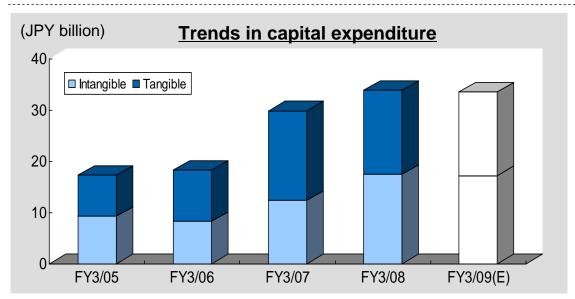
Notes: 1. Numbers in blue at right are users of each system as of Sep. 30, 2008 2. For STAR-IV, number of firms, including partial users 3. For I-STAR, number of firms, excluding the subsystem

NRI's Strengths(2): Customers Portfolio (Other sector)



NRI's Strengths(3):

Business model utilizing own software or hardware asset





New Computer Center (Oct.2007, final completion)

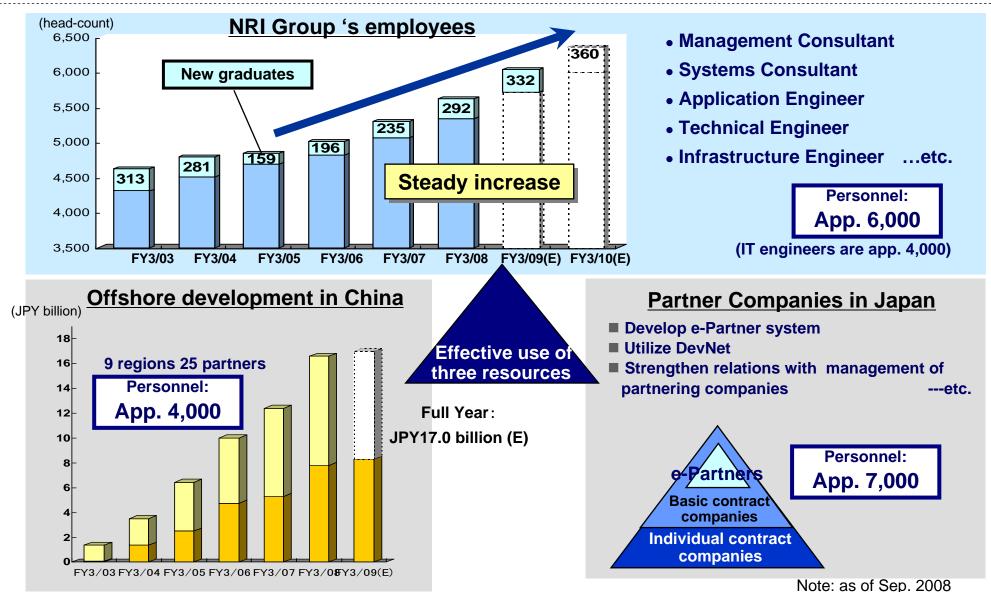
	Overview	Recent development
Computer Centers	NRI has data centers in four locations: Hiyoshi, Yokohama(2 centers), and Osaka	 A new, state-of-the-art Tier 4 data center is built on Oct. 2007. Total initial investment: Approximately JPY12.4 billion The new data center will be the focus of NRI's expansion of its BCP business
Shared-online systems services (ASP-type), package software (software assets)	NRI has a number of shared- online systems services (ASP-type), primarily for financial applications, including STAR- IV, T-STAR, and I-STAR.	 'TRADESTAR', Internet trading system first operated in FY3/2008. In the financial sector, extension of existing services, expansion of lineup, such as next generation the T-STAR and the BESTWAY. New services outside the field of finance are under study.

Note: This is a voluntary standard used primarily by European and US financial institutions, which rates data center facilities in terms of levels of redundant configuration.

Tier 4 is the highest rating.

NRI'S Strengths(4):

Depth in Human Resources -NRI's employees + Partners(in Japan & China)



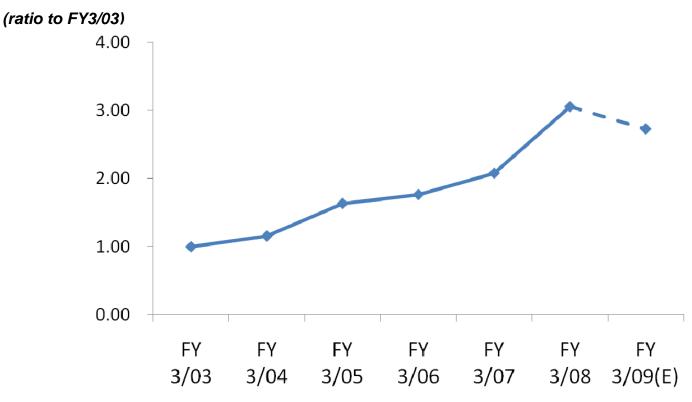
Contents

- 1. NRI's Business and the Positioning
- 2. Trends in Consolidated Performance
- 3. NRI's Strengths
- 4. Toward Growth Over the Medium to Long Term
- **5. Progress reports of Current Priority Measures**
- 6. References

Business environment

■The deteriorating environment for the securities industry caused by the financial concerns originating in the US and Europe has raised the uncertainty for forecasts of sales to the securities, including NRI's main customers.





Source: Prepared by NRI from BoJ Tankan Survey

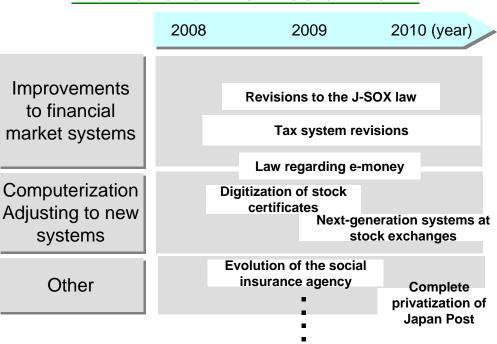
Assessing the business environment

- Forecasts indicate that the computerization of the financial sector will advance over the medium term
 - ■The internal environment remains favorable

Assessing the business environment

Medium term Short term **Securities:** External **Temporary** environment slowdown Enthusiasm for investment **Continuous growth** in IT Internal environment Healthy Increased productivity

Business opportunities in the financial IT market over the medium term

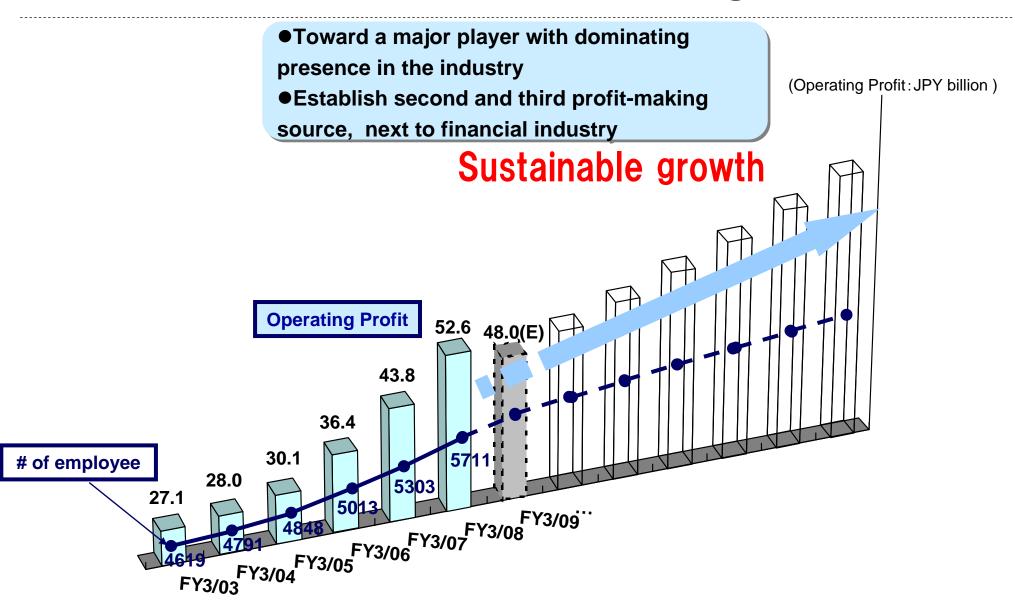


Note: Includes forecasts of future events.

NRI's Response to Economic Fluctuations and Impact on Financial Results

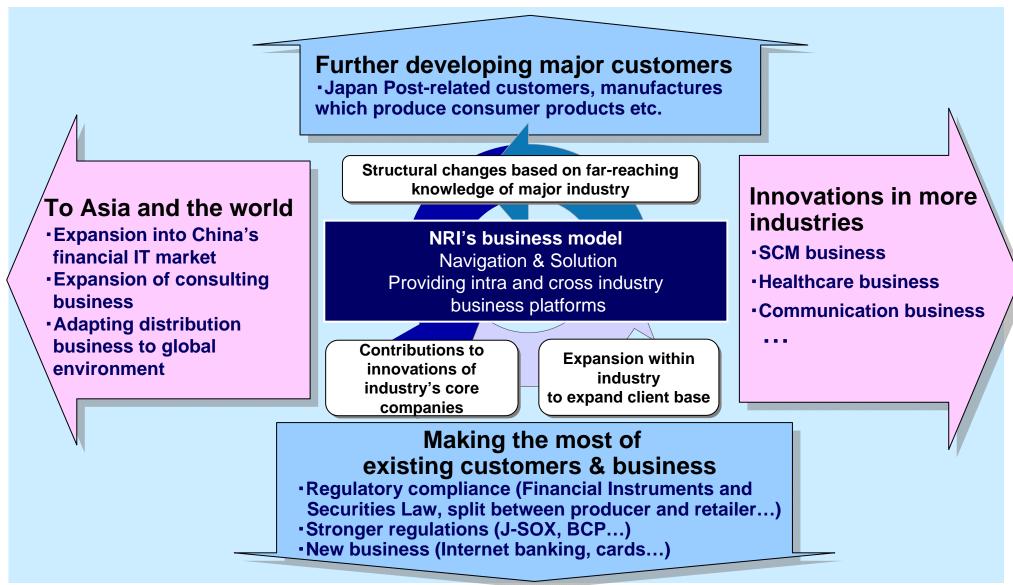
	Strong economic period = Period of high returns	Economic depression = Preparation period
Developments at client	Greater needs for IT investments	All issues that are not urgent and essential are shut down
companies	■In-house IT assets are built up	■IT assets shifted outside company
NRI's response	Concentrate human resources on existing clients	Human resources shifted to new large clients
	■Slow client acquisition	■NRI takes up more challenges in
	■Slow new business	new areas
	development	ASP (planning business) development
Impact on NRI's financial results	Operating profit margin improves	Operating profit margin temporarily declines
	■ Revenue from metered	■Software assets (ASP) built up
	services expands	ASP competitiveness and market
	■Greater reliance on existing	share increase
	clients	■Clients' portfolios are augmented

Toward Growth Over the Medium to Long Term



Toward Growth Over the Medium to Long Term:

Reinforcing business model that has supported growth thus far



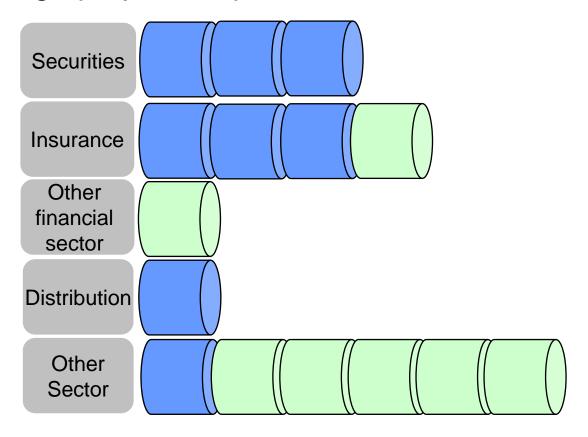
Contents

- 1. NRI's Business and the Positioning
- 2. Trends in Consolidated Performance
- 3. NRI's Strengths
- 4. Toward Growth Over the Medium to Long Term
- 5. Progress reports of Current Priority Measures
- 6. References

Activities to Attract Clients

Working to reliably secure orders and complete large projects

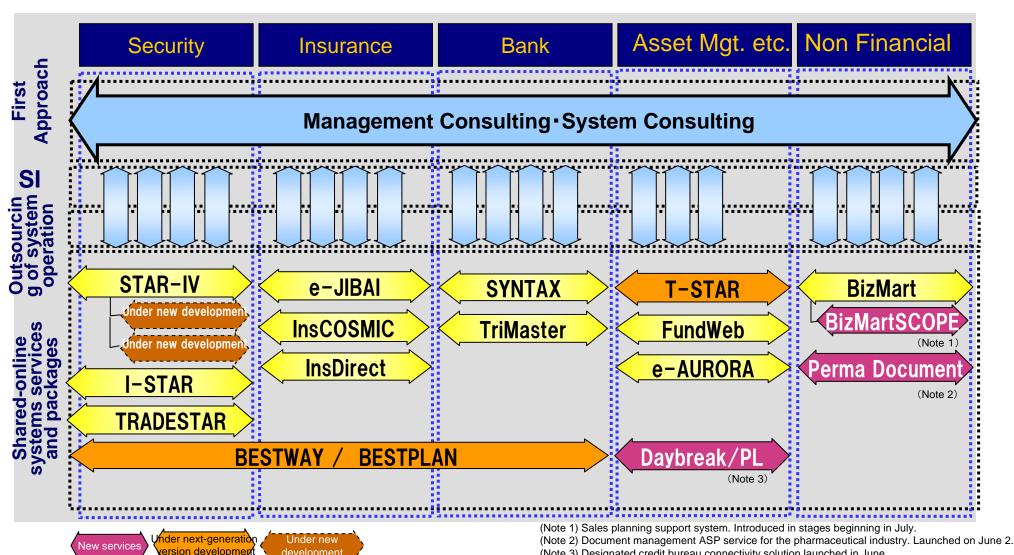
<Large projects expected in FYMar.2010>





Note: The graph depicts an image.

New Business Development



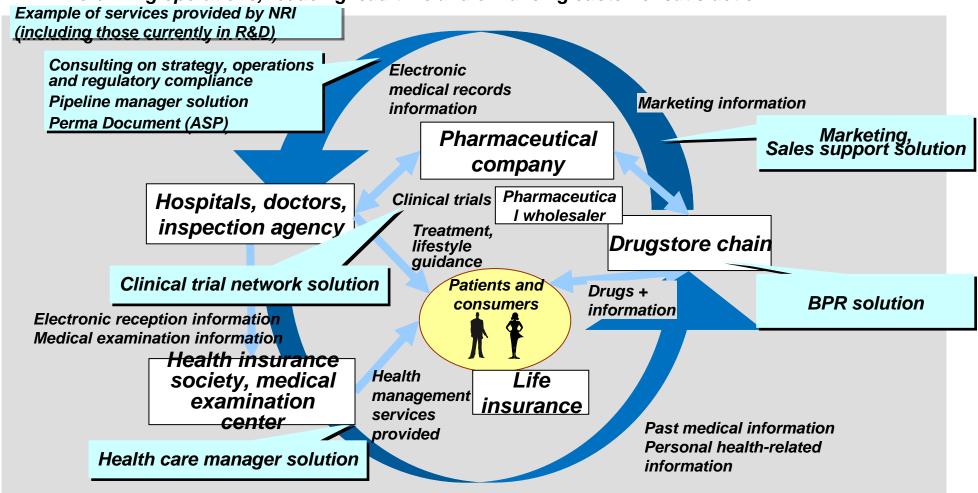
⁽Note 3) Designated credit bureau connectivity solution launched in June.

New Business Development:

seeking to providie next-generation business platform services

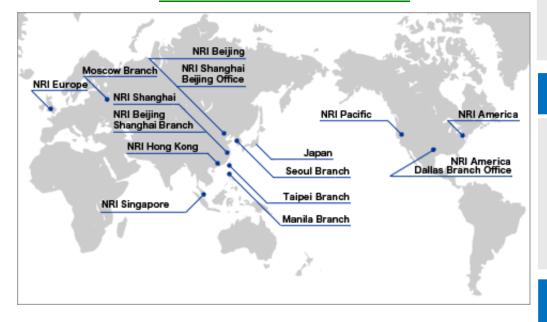
■ Example initiative in health care sector

• A service to link companies in the same industry together is under consideration as a way of reforming operations, reducing lead time and enhancing customer satisfaction.



Global Initiatives

NRI's Global network



Management Consulting Services

- Starting business of Moscow branch
 - ✓ Opening reception('08/11/21)

IT Solution Services in China

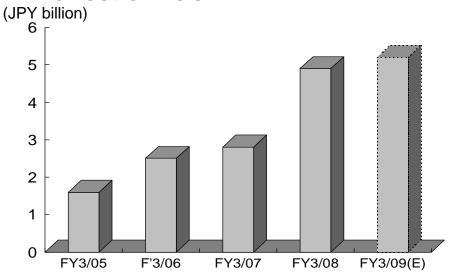
- NRI Beijing
 - ✓ System Development for Seven & i
 - ✓ Start full-scale recruiting activity
- •Joint Development with Mitsubishi Corporation (iVision)

Supporting overseas business of clients

- •For Seven & i
 - ✓U.S.(establishing office in Dallas'08/8/1)
 - √ China(Beijing, Chengdu, Shanghai, etc.)

R&D projects

■Up-front investment in financial and non-financial fields, as well as China and the rest of Asia



Some of this fiscal year's R&D themes

- IT solutions for financial "front business"
- Credit-card-related business
- Development of IT solutions for communication-carrier companies
- Health-care field
- Research into production management and testing support methods
- Studies and research to support navigation in various fields ...etc.

Short term(1–2years)

Medium and long term 3 years -

Divisions (On-site) R&D

Business-related R&D

Financial, non-financial

Technological R&D Information technology, manufacturing technology

Pure research Prediction of the future (social navigation)

Contents

- 1. NRI's Business and the Positioning
- 2. Trends in Consolidated Performance
- 3. NRI's Strengths
- 4. Toward Growth Over the Medium to Long Term
- 5. Progress reports of FY Current Priority Measures
- 6. References

Forecast for FY Mar.2009 (consolidated)

	FY Mar.2008 (Results)	FY Mar. 2009 (Forecasts as of Oct.24)	Yo\ Diff.	/ Change	FY Mar. 2009 (Forecasts as of Apr.24)	Comparison to forecasts
Sales	342.2	350.0	+7.7	+2.3%	360.0	(10.0)
Operating Profit	52.6	48.0	(4.6)	(8.9%)	53.0	(5.0)
Operating Profit Margin	15.4%	13.7%	(1.7P)	-	14.7%	(1.0P)
Net Income	28.1	28.5	+0.3	+1.2%	32.5	(4.0)
Earnings per share	JPY138.52	JPY145.40	+JPY6.88	+5.0%	JPY163.27	(JPY17.87)

Forecasts by sector for FY Mar.2009

	FY Mar.2008 (Results)	FY Mar. 2009 (Forecasts as of Oct. 24)	Yo Diff.	Y Change	FY Mar. 2009 (Forecasts as of Apr. 24)	Comparison to forecasts
Securities sector	152.1	136.0	(16.1)	(10.6%)	154.0	(18.0)
Insurance sector	30.8	48.0	+17.1	+55.6%	44.0	+4.0
Banking sector	25.4	27.0	+1.5	+6.0%	27.0	-
Other financial sector	27.4	31.0	+3.5	+12.7%	28.0	+3.0
Financial sector	235.9	242.0	+6.0	+2.6%	253.0	(11.0)
Distribution sector	44.5	44.0	(0.5)	(1.3%)	45.0	(1.0)
Other sector	61.7	64.0	+2.2	+3.6%	62.0	+2.0
Total	342.2	350.0	+7.7	+2.3%	360.0	(10.0)

Forecasts by segment for FY Mar.2009

FY Mar (Res		FY Mar. 2009 (Forecasts as of Oct.24)	Yoʻ Diff.	Y Change	FY Mar. 2009 (Forecasts as of Jul. 25)	Comparison to forecasts
Consulting Services	30.3	35.0	+4.6	+15.4%	33.0	+2.0
System Development & System Application Sales	50.1	148.0	(2.1)	(1.4%)	156.0	(8.0)
System Management & Operation Services	40.8	150.0	+9.1	+6.5%	152.0	(2.0)
Product Sales	20.9	17.0	(3.9)	(18.7%)	19.0	(2.0)
IT Solution Services 3	311.9	315.0	+3.0	+1.0%	327.0	(12.0)
Total 3	342.2	350.0	+7.7	+2.3%	360.0	(10.0)

FY March 2009 Consolidated Earnings Model

FY March 2009 Consolidated Earnings Model

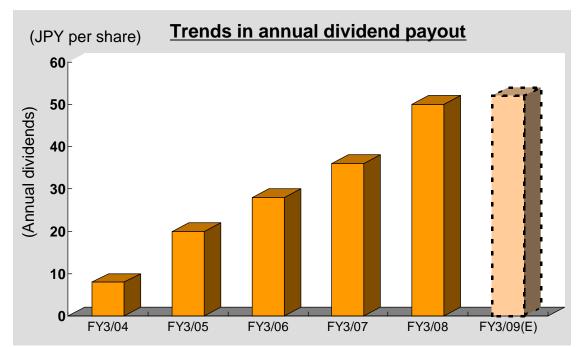
- Sales of JPY350.0 billion and operating profit of JPY48.0 billion (Unit: JPY billion)

		FY Mar.2008	FY Mar.2009	Yo	Υ	FY Mar.2009
		(Results)	(Forecasts as of Oct. 24,2008)	Diff.	Diff.	(Forecasts as of Jul. 25,2008)
S	ales	342.2	350.0	+7.7	+2.3%	360.0
C	ost of Sales	238.5	250.0	+11.4	+4.8%	250.0
	Personnel	52.8	57.0	+4.1	+7.9%	57.0
	Subcontracting Costs	118.5	125.0	+6.4	+5.4%	123.0
	Depreciation	15.2	20.0	+4.7	+31.4%	20.0
G	ross Profit	103.7	100.0	(3.7)	(3.6%)	110.0
G	Gross Profit Margin	30.3%	28.6%	(1.7P)		30.6%
S	G&A	51.0	52.0	+0.9	+1.8%	57.0
O	perating Profit	52.6	48.0	(4.6)	(8.9%)	53.0
	perating Profit argin	15.4%	13.7%	(1.7P)		14.7%

Note: Figures are consolidated estimates for preparing this earnings model.

Shareholder Returns:

Stable Dividends with a Target Consolidated Payout Ratio of 30%



■ January 2005

Change in dividend policy announced Target consolidated payout ratio of 30% announced

■Share buyback

Acquired 4.32 million shares (9.6% of shares issued) for approximately JPY47.5 billion. (Nov. 2005)

Acquired 4.93 million shares (2.2% of shares issued) for approximately JPY15.0 billion. (Feb. 2008)

Acquired 4.64 million shares (2.1% of shares issued) for approximately JPY11.8 billion. (July. 2008)

(note) Status of treasury stock holdings: 13.55% of shares issued (as of Sep. 30, 2008)

(JPY)

	FY3/04	FY	3/05	FY3/06		FY3/07		FY3/08		FY3/09(E)	
	Annual	Interim	Year- end	Interim	Year- end	Interim	Year-end	Interim	Year- end	Interim	Year- end
Dividend	0	20 (100) 28 (140)		36 (180)		50		52			
per share	8 (40)	4 (20)	16 (80)	10 (50)	18 (90)	14 (70)	22 (110)	24	26	26	26
Dividend payout ratio	9.9%	9% 27.6%		26.2%		27.1%		35.7%		35.5%	

Note: Figures in parenthesis represent dividend per share expressed on 1:5 forward stock split basis (effective date April 1, 2007)

Note: Forecasts were announced on Oct. 24, 2008.

These materials were prepared for the sole purpose of providing information to use as reference in making investment decisions, and are not intended as a solicitation for investment.

Copyright(C) 2008 Nomura Research Institute. Ltd. All rights reserved.

The comprehensive strategy of Vision 2015

From providing IT services on an individual company basis

To providing a business platform that laterally through the industry and market

Policies

1. Providing next-generation business platform services

2. Global in scope

3. Production innovation that supports growth

Strategic directions

- Change from an order-based business model to a proposalbased proactive business model
- Promote internal (consulting/systems, financial/non-financial, etc.) and external (allies, suppliers, etc.) collaboration.
- Establish a "second NRI" to focus on China and the rest of Asia.
- Expand NRI's business field in cooperation with clients.
- Move forward with the development of offshore production.
- Pursue innovation in software production technology and quality control, including with partner companies.
- Build an organization capable of meeting high-level requirements through the recruiting and training of diverse human resources.

Information Services Industry Environment:

Industry Structure(Japan)

Financial Results for FY March 2008

Code	Company name	Market Cap. (Nov. 13, 2008)	Sales	ОР	ОРМ
		JPY bn.	JPY mn.	JPY mn.	%
4307	NRI	384	342,289	52,664	15.4%
9613	NTT DATA CORPORATION	1,001	1,074,405	95,911	8.9%
8056	NIHON UNISYS CO., LTD	101	337,759	19,649	5.8%
2327	NS SOLUTIONS CORPORATION	63	165,399	14,896	9.0%
9694	HITACHI SOFTWARE ENGINEERING CO.,LTD.	93	171,399	14,370	8.4%
9741	HITACHI INFORMATION SYSTEMS,LTD.	75	185,856	10,623	5.7%
9719	SUMISHO COMPUTER SYSTEMS CORPORATION	82	137,199	10,309	7.5%
3626	IT HOLDINGS CORPORATION	129	322,412	19,973	6.2%
4739	ITOCHU Techno-solutions Corporation(CTC)	148	319,289	25,013	7.8%
6501	HITACHI,LTD.	1,495	11,226,735	345,516	3.1%
6702	FUJITSU LIMITED	815	5,330,865	204,989	3.8%
6701	NEC CORPORATION	564	4,617,153	156,765	3.4%

Source: NRI, based on the each company's financial results



Information Services Industry Environment:

Comparisons with Competitors (Global)

■ NRI's operating profit per employee is higher than those of the global majors

Comparison with the Performance of Global Players (as of FY Mar. 2008)

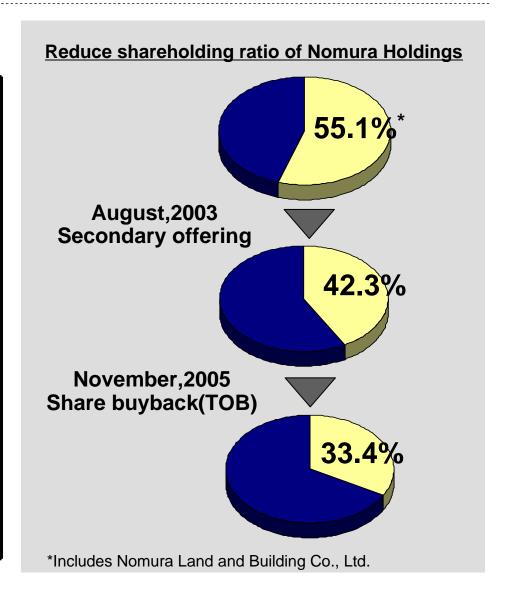
	Sales	Operating profit	Operating profit margin	Number of employees	Operating profit per employee
	(US\$ billion)	(US\$ billion)		(thousand)	(US\$ thousand)
IBM	98.78	13.51	13.7%	App. 386	34
IBM Global Services	54.14	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Accenture	25.31	3.01	11.9%	App. 186	16
NRI (\$1=JPY100.1)	3.41	0.52	15.4%	App. 5.7	92
Infosys (India)	4.17	1.15	27.6%	91	12

Source: Prepared by NRI from the annual reports of each firm (IBM FY'07/Dec., Accenture FY'08/Aug., NRI FY'08/Mar., Infosys FY'08/Mar.)

Shareholder composition

Major Shareholders (As of September 30, 2008)

Shareholders	Ratio of Shareholding
Nomura Asset Management Co.,Ltd.	19.28%
Nomura Facilities, Inc.	8.27%
JAFCO Co., Ltd.	6.68%
Nomura Holdings, Inc.	5.78%
CBNY-ORBIS SICAV	3.06%
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account)	2.90%
NRI Group Employee Stock Ownership Association	2.32%
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust Account)	2.16%
Japan Trustee Services Bank, Ltd. (Trust Account 4G)	1.86%
CBNY-ORBIS FUNDS	1.67%
Top 10 Total	53.98%



(note) excluding treasury stock holdings

This document contains statements that constitute forward-looking statements. These statements include descriptions regarding the intent, belief or current expectations of the Company or its officers with respect to the consolidated results of operations and financial condition of the Company.

Such forward-looking statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks and uncertainties, and actual results may differ from those in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors.

The Company does not undertake to revise forward-looking statements to reflect future events or circumstances.